



Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER	
	 	222214

PSYCHOLOGY

9990/11

Paper 1 Approaches, Issues and Debates

October/November 2024

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 12 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

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Section A

2

Answer all questions.

1	In th	ne study by Hassett et al. (monkey toy preferences):
	(a)	A sample of monkeys from a troop of 135 was used.
		State the total number of monkeys used as the final sample.
		[1]
	(b)	Identify two toys that were categorised as 'wheeled' in this study.
		1
		2[2]
	(c)	Outline one conclusion from this study.
		[2]
2	- Cro	m the study by Casyadra and Silvarman (button phabia);
2		m the study by Saavedra and Silverman (button phobia):
	(a)	Outline the change in ratings of distress when the boy had to imagine hugging his mother with her shirt full of buttons.
		[2]
	(b)	Explain one weakness of this study.
	(2)	Explain one weakness of this study.
		[2]
		[4]



From the study by Pozzulo et al. (line-ups):

	Outline one aim of the study.	
(b)	Explain why this study is from the cognitive approach in psychology.	
		[2]
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'pai	he study by Milgram (obedience), there was a 'learning task'. Milgram called the ed-associate learning task'.	nis a
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5	(a)	Outline two	assumptions	of the	biological	approach	in psychology	/.

	1
	2
	[4]
(b)	Explain how one finding from the study by Hölzel et al. (mindfulness and brain scans) supports one of the assumptions you outlined in part (a) .

supports one of the assumptions you outlined in part (a).



In the study by Perry et al. (personal space), the participants had to complete two conditions. One was the oxytocin condition.

5

(a)	Describe how the participants received the oxytocin.
	[3]
(b)	Identify what was received by participants when in the other condition, instead of oxytocin.
	[1]
(c)	Explain one strength of this study.
	roı



7 Gabriela has a job where she needs to listen to recorded telephone conversations to check the quality of customer service. However, she finds it difficult to pay attention to the recordings. She wants advice on how to improve her attention.

Outline what (doodling).	t advice you would give to Gabriela, using your knowledge of the study by Andrado
	[4
not generali	Adamu is correct that the findings are not generalisable, using evidence from this
	[4

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Section B

7

Answer all questions.

- **9** From the study by Dement and Kleitman (sleep and dreams):
 - (a) Outline **two** dreams reported by participants that had vertical eye movements.

ı	
-	
-	[4]

[8]



(b)	Explain two differences between the study by Dement and Kleitman (sleep and dreams) and the study by Hölzel et al. (mindfulness and brain scans). One of the differences must be about the technique used to investigate the brain.
	Difference 1
	Difference 2

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